

Improving Member States preparedness to face an HNS pollution of the Marine System (HNS-MS)

# HNS-MS far field model Focus on timescales from 1 to 5 days & transport







# What the model has to do?



| GAS (Vapour pr | essure > 101.3 | kPa at 20 °C ) |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                | 6              | 60             |

10%

| SINKING | LIQUIDS | density | > seawater) | ) |
|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---|
|         |         |         |             |   |

|            | s | SD  | D or DE<br>if VP>10kPa |
|------------|---|-----|------------------------|
| Solubility | C | .1% | 5%                     |

| FLOATING LIQUIDS | (density < seawater) |
|------------------|----------------------|
|------------------|----------------------|

Solubility



#### FLOATING SOLIDS (density < seawater)

|            | F | FD | D    |
|------------|---|----|------|
| Solubility | 1 | 0% | 100% |

#### SINKING SOLIDS (density > seawater)

|            | S  | SD | D    |
|------------|----|----|------|
| Solubility | 10 | 0% | 100% |

# **Evaporator-Floater-Dissolver from a subsurface source**



# Far-field model still based on the Lagrangian particles tracking method

- Pollution is represented by a cloud of Lagrangian particles that moves independently from each other due to wind, waves & currents
- Random walk approach to model turbulence diffusion and surface slick spreading
- Position of the particle in the water column
  - At sea surface
  - In the water column
  - At the sea bed
  - Entrainment (function of waves, HNS viscosity)
  - resuspension (function of bottom current speed and HNS viscosity)



### Persistant floater



## **Floater-dissolver**





# HNS behaviour – Environmental conditions





# Fate & bahaviour

- Each particle represents a fraction of the total HNS volume;
- Each HNS mass fraction may be in several phase as a function of the particle history
  - Need to keep track of the mass fraction history in
    - Liquid phase
    - Solid phase,
    - Evaporated phase,
    - Dissolved phase
  - Need to know the dominant phase
  - Need to keep track of the droplets size distribution
- Every hour, redistribution of the different mass fraction between the neighbouring particles

| 86 6<br>89<br>89 |             | - <u>6</u> - 7 - 6<br>6 |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
|                  |             |                         |
|                  |             |                         |
|                  | 0<br>0<br>0 | 00                      |
|                  | 0<br>0<br>0 | •                       |



# **Impacted area (forecast)**

## Full trajectory (forecast)



## Snapshot of particles & trajectory



# Impacted area (backtrack)

## Full trajectory (backtrack)





חואס-אוס stakenotuers meeting | סועssets, ספוקועווו - גס-14th December 2016

**Impacted** area

## Maximum probability of presence

## Snapshot of probability of presence





# **Concentration**





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# **Exposure time**

## Global exposure time to 10 ppm





**Beaching risk** 

## First beaching time

## **Beaching risk**



# **Vertical distribution**



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# **Mass balance**



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